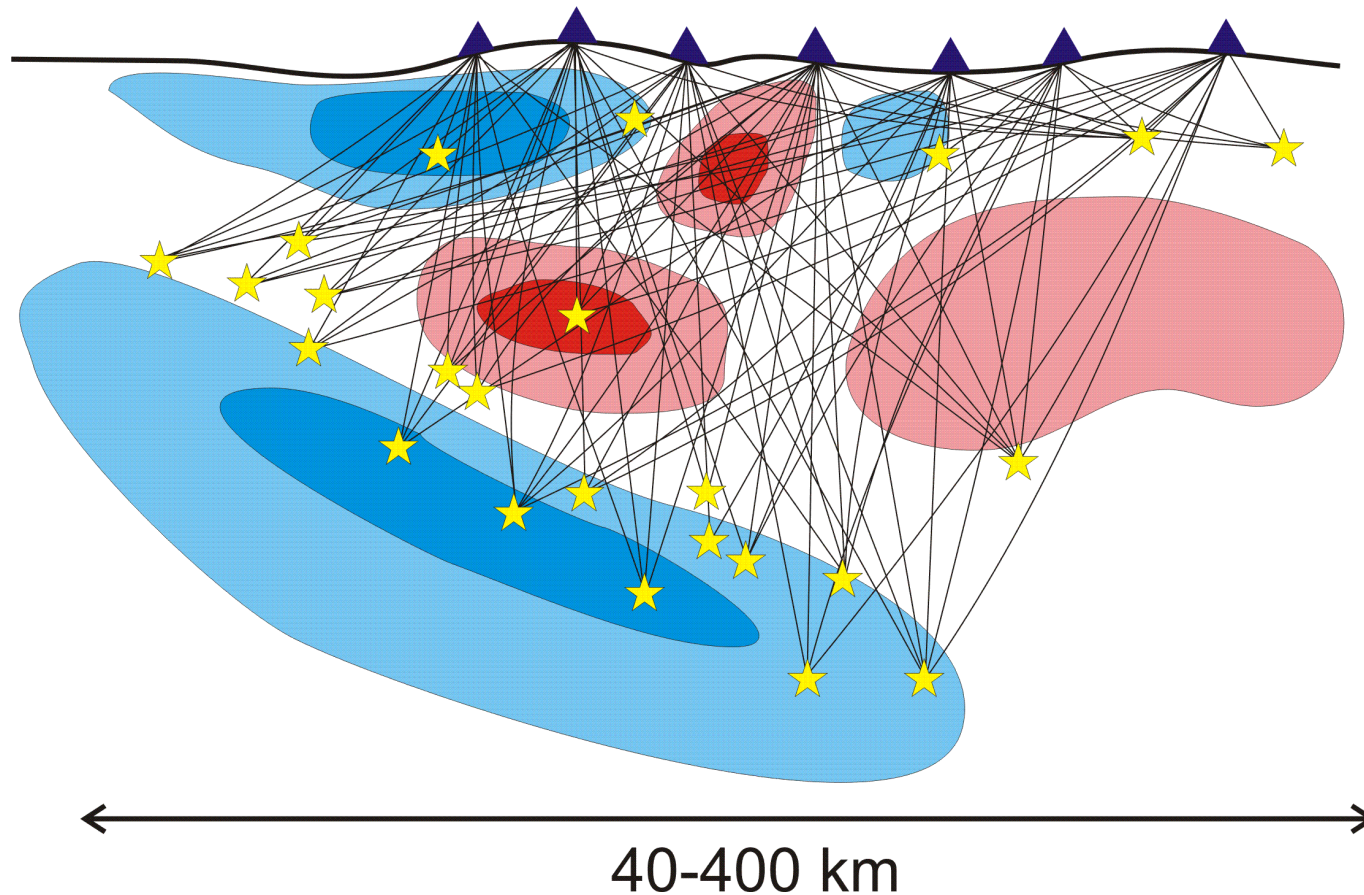


# Local earthquake tomography (LET) scheme

## LOTOS code (version 12)

### Brief description of workflow



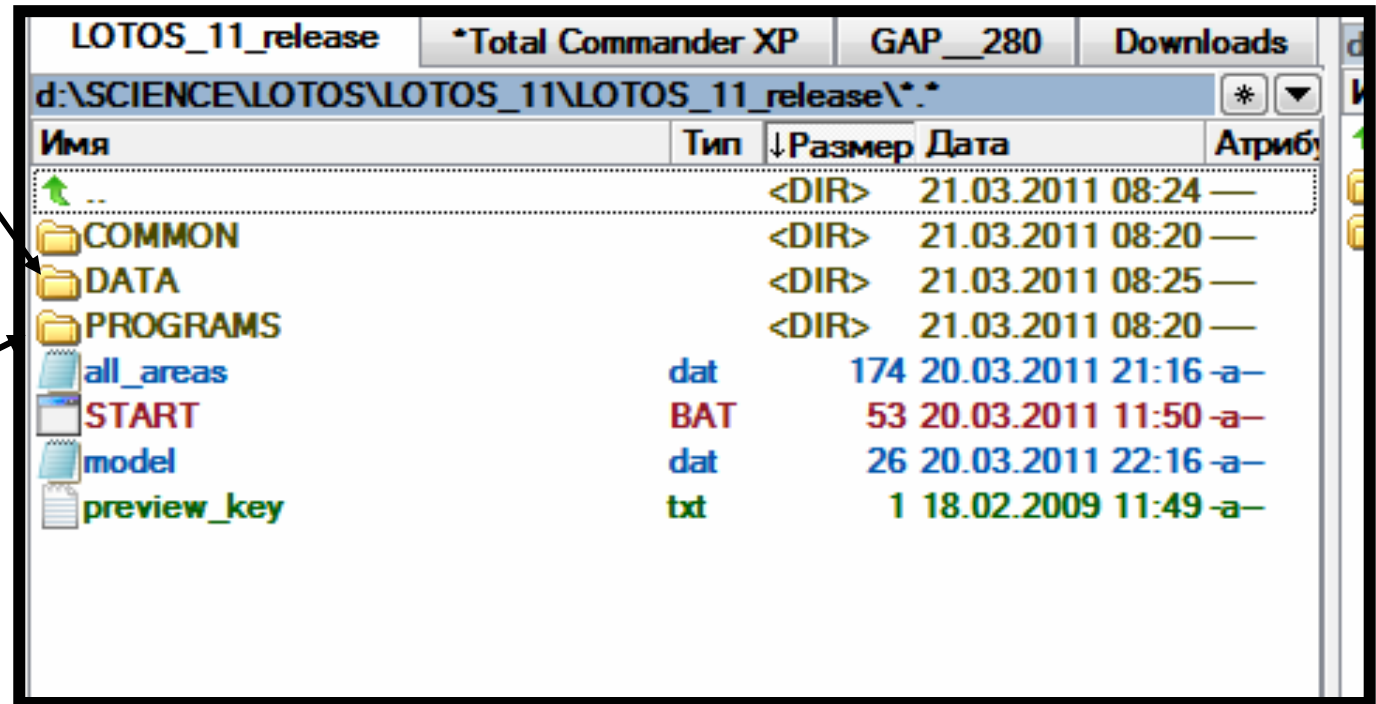
[www.ivan-art.com/science/LOTOS](http://www.ivan-art.com/science/LOTOS)

# Structure of the LOTOS code:

## Root folder:

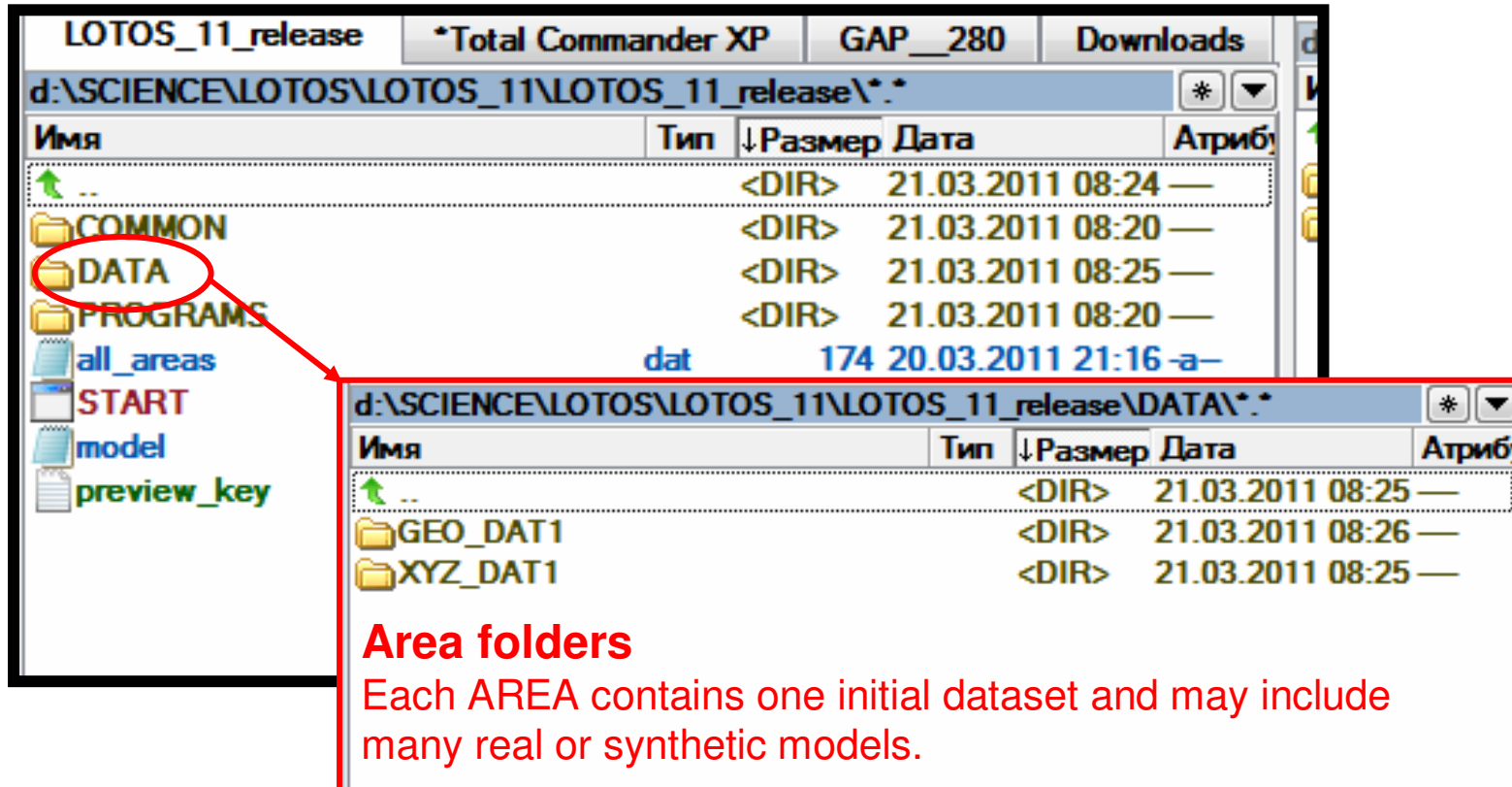
DATA folder contains all the initial and computed data files

PROGRAMS folder contains all the programs (source and exe files)



Имя	Тип	Размер	Дата	Атрибу
..	<DIR>		21.03.2011 08:24	—
COMMON	<DIR>		21.03.2011 08:20	—
DATA	<DIR>		21.03.2011 08:25	—
PROGRAMS	<DIR>		21.03.2011 08:20	—
all_areas	dat	174	20.03.2011 21:16	-a-
START	BAT	53	20.03.2011 11:50	-a-
model	dat	26	20.03.2011 22:16	-a-
preview_key	txt	1	18.02.2009 11:49	-a-

# Data structure (2-step hierarchy):



The screenshot shows a file manager window with two panes. The left pane displays the directory structure of 'd:\SCIENCE\LOTOS\LOTOS\_11\LOTOS\_11\_release'. The 'DATA' folder is highlighted with a red circle. The right pane shows the contents of the 'DATA' folder, which includes two subfolders: 'GEO\_DAT1' and 'XYZ\_DAT1'. A red box highlights the right pane and contains the following text:

**Area folders**  
Each AREA contains one initial dataset and may include many real or synthetic models.

**Names of AREAs consist of 8 characters !!!**

## Structure of data:

folders, initial data and parameters

# Data structure (2-step hierarchy):

The screenshot illustrates the data structure in a 2-step hierarchy using Total Commander XP. The first window shows the root directory `d:\SCIENCE\LOTOS\LOTOS_11\LOTOS_11_release\` with folders `COMMON`, `DATA`, and `PROGRAMS`. The `DATA` folder is highlighted with a red circle. The second window shows the contents of the `DATA` folder, including `GEO_DAT1` and `XYZ_DAT1`. The `GEO_DAT1` folder is highlighted with a blue circle. The third window shows the contents of the `GEO_DAT1` folder, including subfolders `BOARD_N1`, `inidata`, `map`, `MODEL_01`, and `SMILE_01`, as well as files `config`, `setver`, and `sethor`. Red and blue circles and arrows highlight the hierarchy.

**Area folders**

**Structure of data:**  
folders, initial data and parameters

# Data structure (2-step hierarchy):

**Area folders**

**Structure of data:**  
folders, initial data and parameters

Folders with models (real or synthetic). Any number of models is allowed.

Model name consists of 8 symbols!!!

Имя	Тип	Размер	Дата	Атрибу
..	<DIR>		21.03.2011 08:24	—
COMMON	<DIR>		21.03.2011 08:20	—
DATA	<DIR>		21.03.2011 08:25	—
PROGRAMS	<DIR>		21.03.2011 08:20	—
all_areas	dat	174	20.03.2011 21:16	-a-

Имя	Тип	Размер	Дата	Атрибу
..	<DIR>		21.03.2011 08:25	—
GEO_DAT1	<DIR>		21.03.2011 08:26	—
XYZ_DAT1	<DIR>		21.03.2011 08:25	—

Имя	Тип	Размер	Дата	Ат
..	<DIR>		21.03.2011 08:26	—
BOARD_N1	<DIR>		13.2011 08:26	—
inidata	<DIR>		13.2011 08:24	—
map	<DIR>		13.2011 08:24	—
MODEL_01	<DIR>		13.2011 08:26	—
SMILE_01	<DIR>		13.2011 08:27	—
config	config		13.2011 13:30	-a-
setver	setver		12.2011 10:31	-a-
sethor	sethor		08.2009 17:27	-a-

# Folder with initial data:

Model folders

Initial data

Имя	Тип	Размер	Дата
..	<DIR>		21.03.2011 08:26
BOARD_N1	<DIR>		21.03.2011 08:26
inidata	<DIR>		21.03.2011 08:24
map	<DIR>		21.03.2011 08:24
MODEL_01			
SMILE_01			
config			
setver			
sethor			

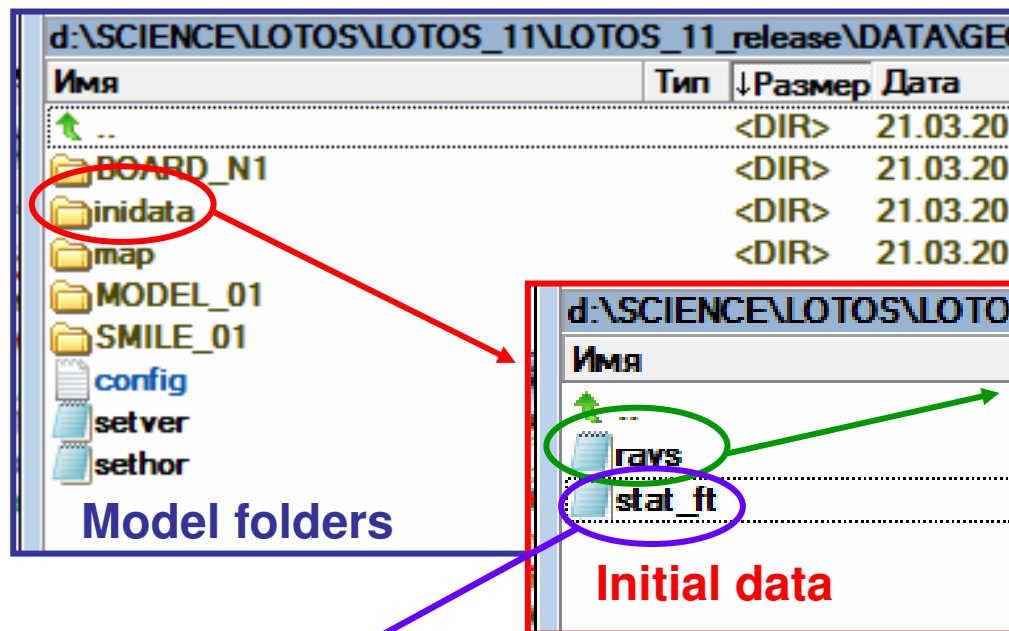
Имя	Тип	Размер	Дата
..	<DIR>		21.03.2011 09:41
rays	dat	161 272	21.01.2008 16:00
stat_ft	dat	564	18.01.2008 23:12

## Structure of data:

folders, initial data and  
parameters



# Initial data files:



stations

List - [D:\SCIENCE\LOTOS\LOTOS\_11\LOTOS\_11\_release\DATA\GEO\_DAT1\inidata\stat\_ft.dat]

Файл	Правка	Вид	Справка
-71.12700	-18.63300	1.000000	
-71.09300	-19.31700	1.000000	
-71.02700	-20.00000	1.000000	
-70.97700	-20.66700	1.000000	
-70.91000	-21.31700	1.000000	
-70.84300	-21.93300	1.000000	
-70.71700	-19.63300	1.000000	
-70.63300	-20.28300	1.000000	
-70.55000	-20.96700	1.000000	
-71.80000	-19.63300	1.000000	
-71.70000	-20.28300	1.000000	
-71.61700	-20.96700	1.000000	

Number of line corresponds to the number of station

Here all stations are 1 km below sea level

longitude    latitude    depth

-70.18384	-20.90750	33.93000	16
1	11	25.35048	
2	11	43.90528	
1	8	13.87840	
2	8	24.04150	
1	3	19.67791	
2	3	34.08391	
1	9	8.231387	
2	9	14.26471	
1	4	15.32037	
2	4	26.55076	
1	5	14.31970	
1	2	27.74261	
1	6	20.04849	
1	10	31.38969	
1	12	21.47189	
1	7	22.69749	
-70.29102	-20.40950	25.36000	18
1	10	25.71727	
2	10	44.54014	
1	3	14.10538	
2	3	24.42953	
1	11	22.75151	
2	11	39.39725	
1	1	30.41859	
2	1	52.68230	
1	2	21.69525	
2	2	37.57591	
1	5	18.71232	
2	5	32.39684	
1	7	15.83892	
2	7	27.43102	
1	12	23.01083	
2	12	39.85330	
1	8	7.472907	
1	4	13.51934	
-69.77667	-19.91317	87.49000	19
1	12	31.83058	
2	12	55.10392	
1	5	28.49355	
2	5	49.32567	
1	7	18.32809	
2	7	31.74103	
1	3	20.44025	
2	3	35.39606	
1	4	23.34798	
2	4	40.42942	
1	8	17.68709	
2	8	30.62856	
1	10	30.36367	

Picks and events

# File with events and picks: inidata/rays.dat

## Event line:

-70.18384	-20.90750	33.93000	16
1	11	25.35048	
2	11	43.90528	
1	8	13.87840	
2	8	24.04150	
1	3	19.67791	
2	3	34.08391	
1	9	8.231387	
2	0	14.26471	

longitude	latitude	depth	N picks per event
-70.18384	-20.90750	33.93000	16
1	11	25.35048	
2	11	43.90528	
1	8	13.87840	
2	8	24.04150	
1	3	19.67791	
2	3	34.08391	
1	9	8.231387	
2	9	14.26471	
1	4	15.32037	
2	4	26.55076	
1	5	14.31970	
1	2	27.74261	
1	6	20.04849	
1	10	31.38969	
1	12	21.47189	
1	7	22.69749	
-70.29102	-20.40950	25.36000	18
1	10	25.71727	
2	10	44.54014	
1	3	14.10538	

Block with picks (here  
16 picks indicated in  
source line)

1 column: phase  
indicator (1-P and 1-S)

2 column: station  
number (line in  
stat\_ft.dat)

3 column: travel time

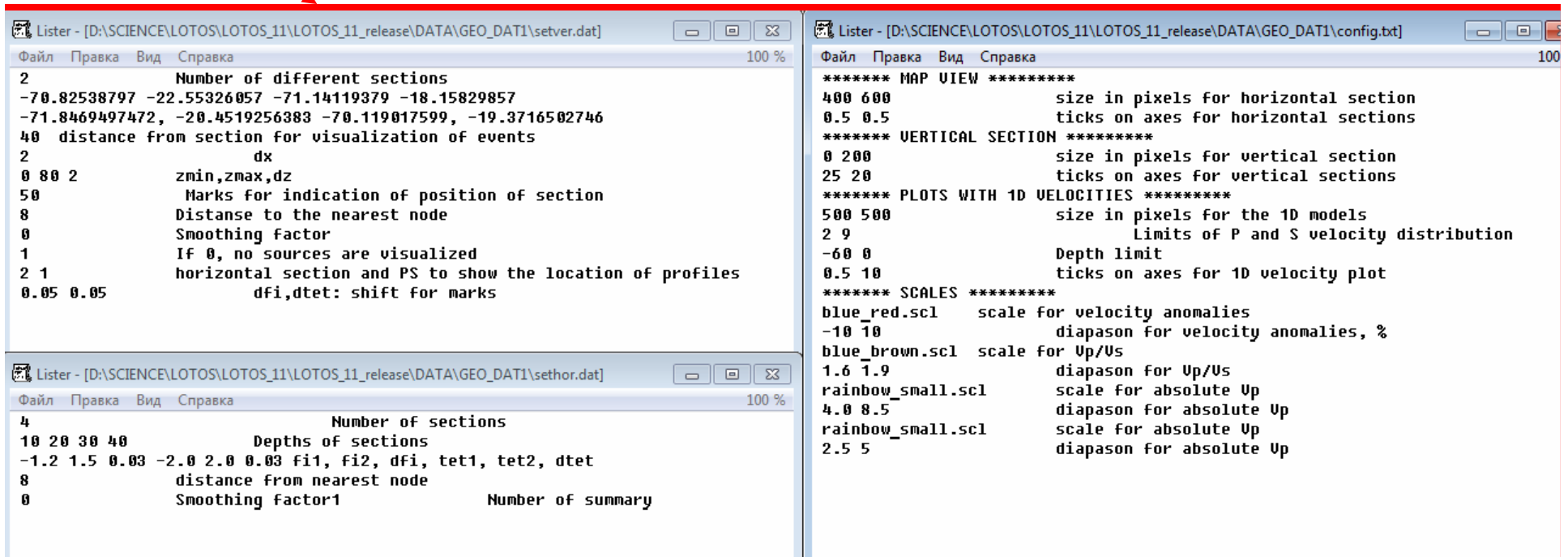
Picks and  
events



# Visualization parameters:

d:\SCIENCE\LOTOS\LOTOS_11\LOTOS_11_release\DATA\GEO_DAT1\*				
Имя	Тип	Размер	Дата	Ат
..	<DIR>		21.03.2011 08:26	—
BOARD_N1	<DIR>		21.03.2011 08:26	—
inidata	<DIR>		21.03.2011 08:24	—
map	<DIR>		21.03.2011 08:24	—
MODEL_01	<DIR>		21.03.2011 08:26	—
SMILE_01	<DIR>		21.03.2011 08:27	—
config	txt	780	20.03.2011 13:30	-a
setver	dat	487	10.02.2011 10:31	-a
sethor	dat	195	11.08.2009 17:27	-a

Visualization parameters are defined in the AREA folder and are same for all MODELS



The image shows three Notepad++ windows displaying the contents of different configuration files. A red arrow points from the 'config' file in the file explorer to the top-left Notepad++ window.

**Top-left window: [D:\SCIENCE\LOTOS\LOTOS\_11\LOTOS\_11\_release\DATA\GEO\_DAT1\setver.dat]**

```
2      Number of different sections
-70.82538797 -22.55326057 -71.14119379 -18.15829857
-71.8469497472, -20.4519256383 -70.119017599, -19.3716502746
40 distance from section for visualization of events
2      dx
0 80 2      zmin,zmax,dz
50      Marks for indication of position of section
8      Distance to the nearest node
0      Smoothing factor
1      If 0, no sources are visualized
2 1      horizontal section and PS to show the location of profiles
0.05 0.05      dfi,dtet: shift for marks
```

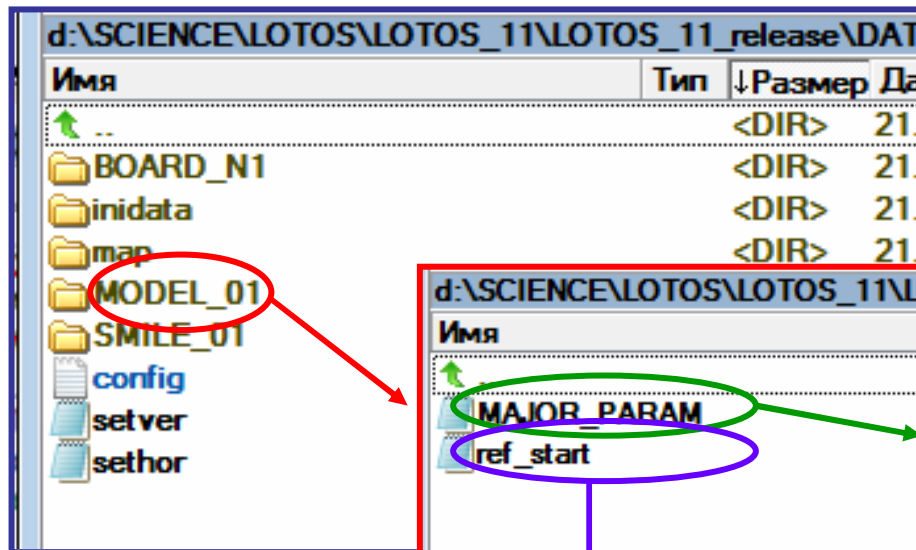
**Top-right window: [D:\SCIENCE\LOTOS\LOTOS\_11\LOTOS\_11\_release\DATA\GEO\_DAT1\config.txt]**

```
***** MAP VIEW *****
400 600      size in pixels for horizontal section
0.5 0.5      ticks on axes for horizontal sections
***** VERTICAL SECTION *****
0 200      size in pixels for vertical section
25 20      ticks on axes for vertical sections
***** PLOTS WITH 1D VELOCITIES *****
500 500      size in pixels for the 1D models
2 9      Limits of P and S velocity distribution
-60 0      Depth limit
0.5 10      ticks on axes for 1D velocity plot
***** SCALES *****
blue_red.scl scale for velocity anomalies
-10 10      diapason for velocity anomalies, %
blue_brown.scl scale for Up/Us
1.6 1.9      diapason for Up/Us
rainbow_small.scl scale for absolute Up
4.0 8.5      diapason for absolute Up
rainbow_small.scl scale for absolute Up
2.5 5      diapason for absolute Up
```

**Bottom window: [D:\SCIENCE\LOTOS\LOTOS\_11\LOTOS\_11\_release\DATA\GEO\_DAT1\sethor.dat]**

```
4      Number of sections
10 20 30 40      Depths of sections
-1.2 1.5 0.03 -2.0 2.0 0.03 fi1, fi2, dfi, tet1, tet2, dtet
8      distance from nearest node
0      Smoothing factor1      Number of summary
```

# Model parameters (real case):



Vp/Vs ratio

depth, km.	Vp.	Vs (only used if Vp/Vs in 1 <sup>st</sup> line is zero)
1.7	-1.000	4.3
6.000	6.000	5.5
12.000	12.000	6.7
15.000	15.000	6.8
35.000	35.000	8.1
74.000	74.000	8.3
104.000	104.000	8.4
124.000	124.000	8.45
154.000	154.000	8.5
400.000	400.000	9.0300

Starting 1D velocity model.

MAJOR\_PARAM.DAT - AkelPad

```

*****
GENERAL INFORMATION :
1 KEY 1: REAL; KEY 2: SYNTHETIC
1 KEY 1: Vp and Vs; KEY 2: Vp and Vp/Vs
0 KEY 0: all data, KEY 1: odd events, KEY 2: even events
1 Ref. model optimization (0-no; 1-yes)

*****
AREA_CENTER :
-71 -20.5 Center of conversion to XY

*****
ORIENTATIONS OF GRIDS :
4 number of grids
0 22 45 67 orientations

*****
1D MODEL PARAMETERS :
2 Iterations for 1D inversions
-10 3. 5 zmin, dzstep depth step 1
1 1 300 dsmin, dzlay, zgrmax : par
5. dz_par, step for parameterizati
0.2
6. 9. sm_p, sm_s
0.0 0.0 rg_p, rg_s
10 10 1 w_hor, w_ver, w_time
300 LSQR iterations
0 nsharp
27 27 z_sharp

*****
INVERSION PARAMETERS :
40 1 LSQR iterations, iter_ma
1 1. weights for P and S models in the upper
0.7 1.2 level of smoothing (P, S and crust)
0.0 0.0 regularization level (P, S and crust)

0.0001 0.0001 weight of the station cor
2.0 wzt_hor
2.0 wzt_ver
1.0 wzt_time

*****
Parameters for location in 1D model using ref
and data selection:
*****
LIN_LOC_PARAM :
9 Minimal number of records
100 km, maximum distance to nearest station
1.7 S max resid with respect to P max resid
100 dist_limit=100 : within this distance the weight is equal
1 n_pwr_dist=1 : power for decreasing of W with distance
30 n_cyc_av=10

! For output:
30 bad_max=30 : maximal number of outliers
0.05 maximal dt/distance
30 distance limit
10 Frequency for output printing
3 Number of different grids

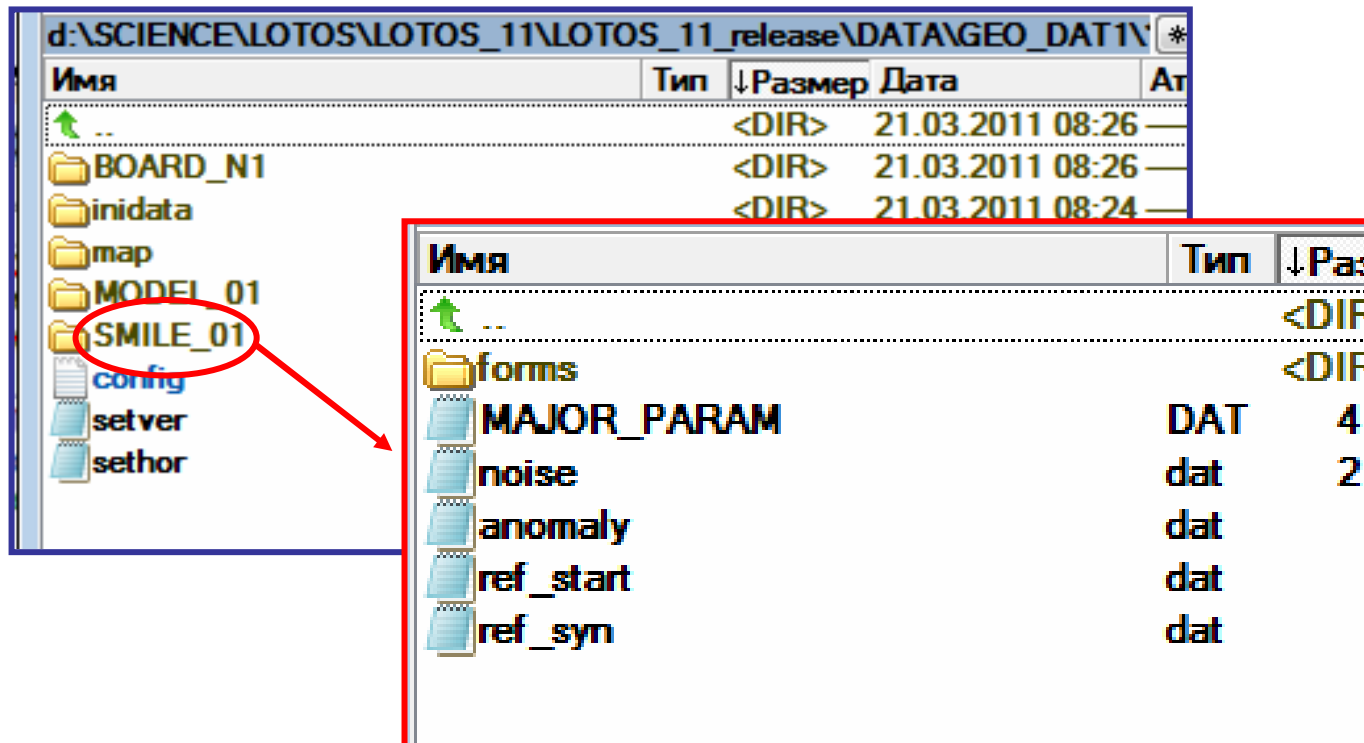
```

This file include all parameters that control the inversion workflow.

The parameters are grouped in rubrics. The order of rubrics can be changed.

The order of lines within each rubric should be respected

## Model parameters (synthetic case):



Besides two files **MAJOR\_PARAM.DAT** and **ref\_start.dat**, additional files and one folder “**forms**” are included:

**ref\_syn.dat**: 1D basic velocity distribution for the synthetic model (same format as in `ref_start.dat`)

**anomaly.dat**: file with the description of anomalies

**noise.dat**: definition of noise (if not presented, the data are noise free)

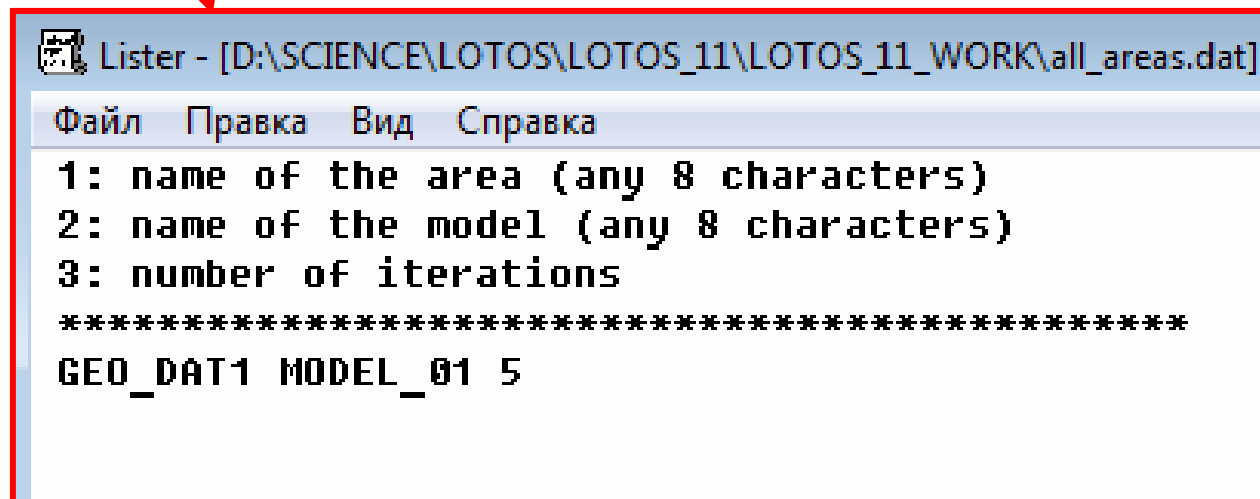
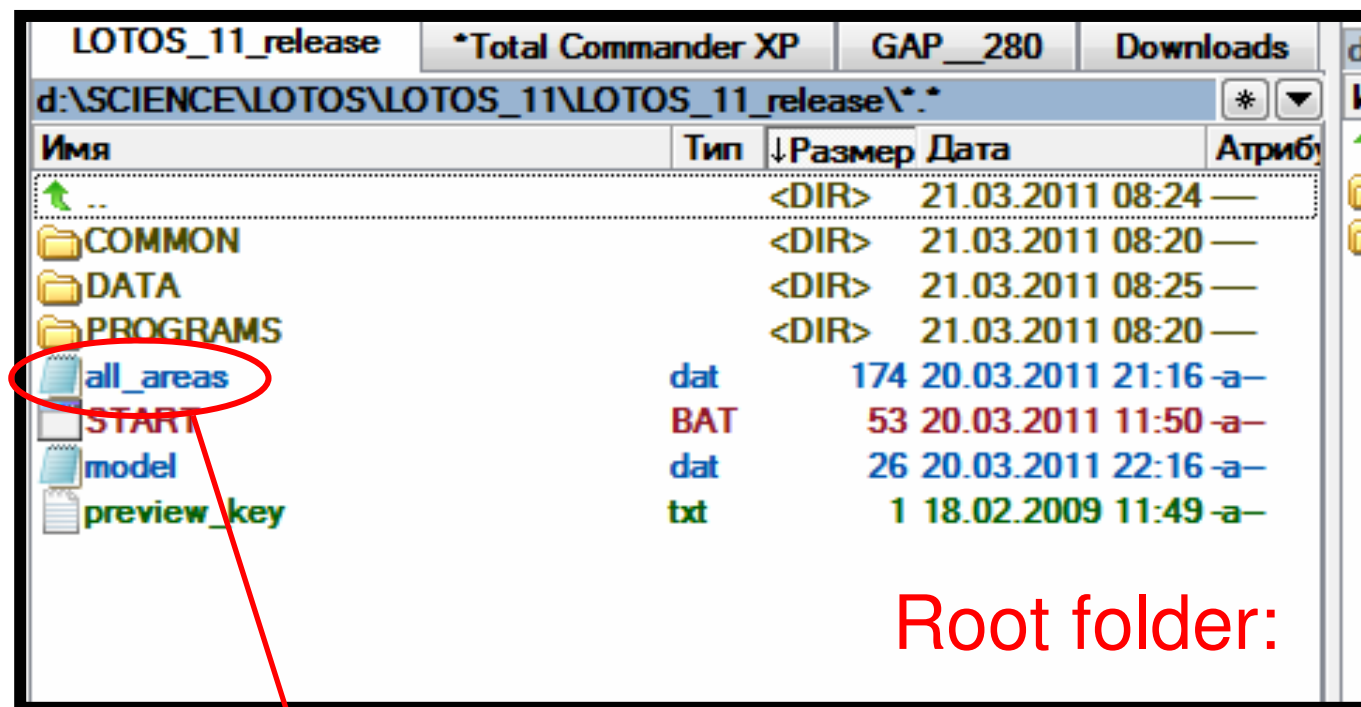
# Run calculations for selected model(s):

For example, we wish to run 5 tomographic iterations for model **MODEL\_01** from area **GEO\_DAT1**.

We include the corresponding information to **all\_areas.dat**

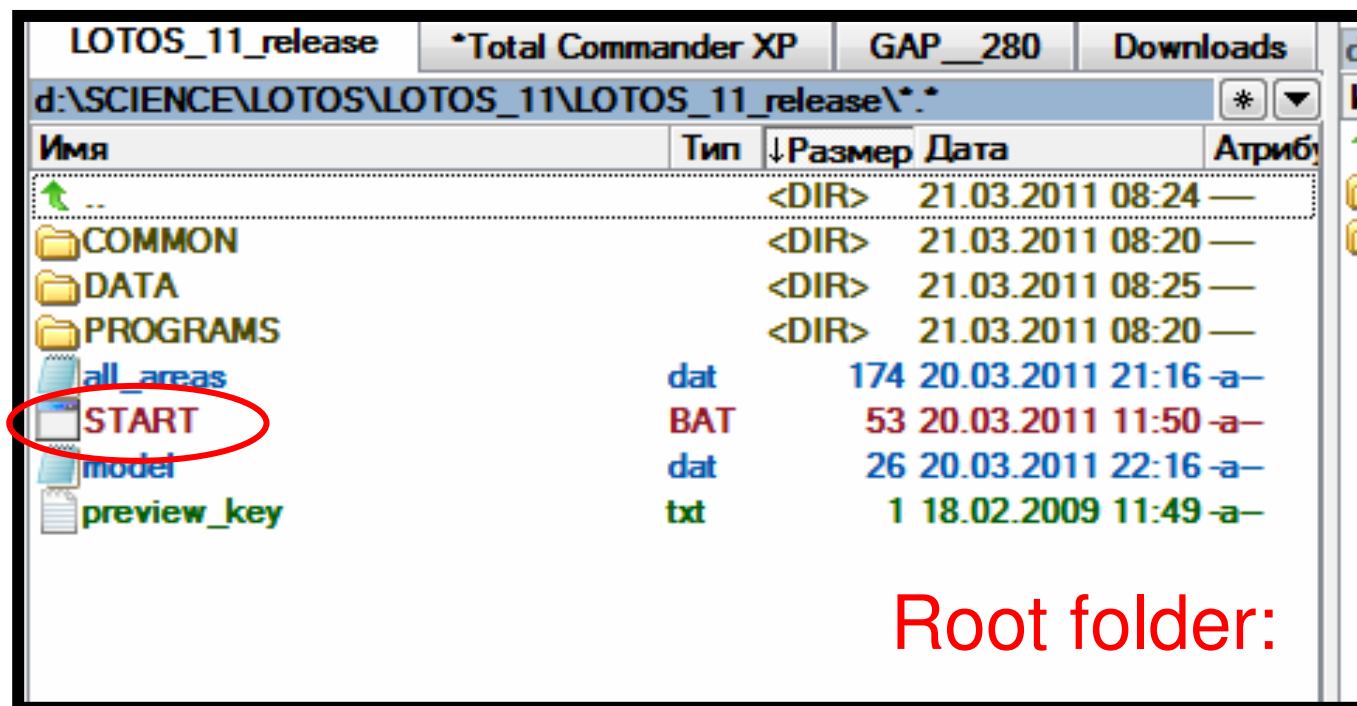
**The format should be respected**

Any number of models in the following lines can be defined



# Run calculations for selected model(s):

Run the file  
**START.BAT**,  
and the console  
will appear



## Console with the execution of the program:

This workflow corresponds to real data inversion.

Stage 1: compute the table of reference times corresponding to the starting 1D model

Stage 2: rough location of sources using tabulated travel times. Grid search allows locating the sources very robustly

```
D:\SCIENCE\LOTOS\LOTOS_11\LOTOS_11_WORK>cd PROGRAMS
D:\SCIENCE\LOTOS\LOTOS_11\LOTOS_11_WORK\PROGRAMS>cd @_START
D:\SCIENCE\LOTOS\LOTOS_11\LOTOS_11_WORK\PROGRAMS\@_START>cd START
D:\SCIENCE\LOTOS\LOTOS_11\LOTOS_11_WORK\PROGRAMS\@_START\START>start.exe
A subdirectory or file .....TMP_files\tmp already exists.
A subdirectory or file .....TMP_files\hor already exists.
A subdirectory or file .....TMP_files\rays already exists.
A subdirectory or file .....TMP_files\1D_mod already exists.
A subdirectory or file .....TMP_files\vert already exists.
n_ar=1
DATASET:GEO_DAT1 MODEL:MODEL_01
key_ft1_xy2=1 kref=1
1 file(s) copied.
```

### COMPUTING THE REFERENCE TABLE WITH THE STARTING 1D MODEL

Computing the reference table:

ar=GEO\_DAT1 md=MODEL\_01

nref=10

i=10	z=9.000000	ips=1	nref=160
i=10	z=9.000000	ips=2	nref=160
i=20	z=19.000000	ips=1	nref=153
i=20	z=19.000000	ips=2	nref=154
i=30	z=37.000000	ips=1	nref=253
i=30	z=37.000000	ips=2	nref=253
i=40	z=66.000000	ips=1	nref=281
i=40	z=66.000000	ips=2	nref=281
i=50	z=116.000000	ips=1	nref=284
i=50	z=116.000000	ips=2	nref=285
i=60	z=166.000000	ips=1	nref=285
i=60	z=166.000000	ips=2	nref=285

Stage 1

### LOCALIZATION OF SOURCES USING THE 1D REFERENCE TABLE

area=GEO\_DAT1 model=MODEL\_01 koe=0 k\_re1\_syn2=1

ar=GEO\_DAT1 md=MODEL\_01

cannot find SOURCE\_LIMITS in MAJOR\_PARAM.DAT!!!

nref=10

3

\*\*\*\*\*

#### REAL DATA INVERSION

16 Old: x=112.89 y=-47.24 z=58.29 ank=0.51
10 New: x=119.89 y=-47.24 z=81.29 ank=0.90
nkrat=12 nk=12 ntot=152
26 Old: x=124.24 y=-105.66 z=35.76 ank=0.42
20 New: x=125.74 y=-108.66 z=7.26 ank=0.86
nkrat=18 nk=17 ntot=312
46 Old: x=102.35 y=-89.71 z=36.70 ank=0.43
30 New: x=109.85 y=-80.71 z=0.70 ank=0.86
nkrat=12 nk=12 ntot=470
65 Old: x=-31.20 y=54.22 z=4.01 ank=0.52
40 New: x=-29.70 y=58.22 z=0.01 ank=0.71
nkrat=13 nk=13 ntot=620
75 Old: x=35.80 y=9.73 z=30.60 ank=0.58
50 New: x=45.80 y=8.73 z=32.10 ank=0.71
nkrat=21 nk=21 ntot=780
85 Old: x=70.74 y=-27.83 z=29.48 ank=0.45
60 New: x=84.24 y=-27.33 z=17.98 ank=0.79
nkrat=21 nk=21 ntot=941
95 Old: x=-61.82 y=3.80 z=30.95 ank=0.46
70 New: x=-82.82 y=1.80 z=36.45 ank=0.74

Stage 2



## Console with the execution of the program:

Stage 3: 1D model optimization

It starts with the selection of events which are distributed as homogeneously as possible over the depth

End of Stage 2

number of events after location

```
175 Old: x= -9.67 y= 170.69 z= 11.46 ank= 0.57
150 New: x= -9.17 y= 170.69 z= 0.46 ank= 0.79
nkrat= 15 nk= 14 ntot= 2307

185 Old: x= -60.41 y= 117.93 z= 27.76 ank= 0.40
160 New: x= -68.41 y= 127.93 z= 16.76 ank= 0.81
nkrat= 16 nk= 16 ntot= 2473

195 Old: x= 49.05 y= 189.34 z= 33.02 ank= 0.52
170 New: x= 52.55 y= 190.34 z= 8.02 ank= 0.91
nkrat= 13 nk= 13 ntot= 2625

207 Old: x= -28.50 y= 180.03 z= 12.99 ank= 0.45
180 New: x= -24.50 y= 186.53 z= 1.99 ank= 0.81
nkrat= 15 nk= 13 ntot= 2778

217 Old: x= -27.40 y= 187.05 z= 0.46 ank= 0.34
190 New: x= -22.90 y= 204.55 z= 0.46 ank= 0.73
nkrat= 16 nk= 14 ntot= 2928

nztgood= 194
```

Stage 3

number of events after selection

```
PERFORM THE OPTIMISATION FOR THE 1D VELOCITY MODEL
A subdirectory or file .....\TMP_files\1D_mod already exists.
number of iterations: 2
Selecting events for 1D optimization: area=GEO_DAT1 model=MODEL_01
nzt= 222 nray= 3614
-1.0 16 19 20 16 17
 2.0 17 19 18 18 22
 5.0 18 19 16 16 17
 8.0 18 16 15 16 20
11.0 18 20 17 17 18
14.0 23 21 18 17 19
17.0 17 19 17 22 18
20.0 18 18 21 19 17
23.0 18 19 17 20 22
26.0 19 16 19 21 19
29.0 21 19 20 17 21
32.0 16 15 17 16 19
35.0 17 18 21 17 17
38.0 17 17 16 16 16
41.0 17 20 22 19 20
44.0 24 21 19 22 18
47.0 16 20 17 20 18
50.0 15 19 18 21 19
53.0 18 21 21 18 18
56.0 15 16 15 21 15
59.0 18 12
62.0 18 20 20
65.0 15 15 12
68.0 18
71.0 15 17
74.0 21 18 14
86.0 19
88.36813 -24.28296 20.96000 15
109.8490 -80.70703 0.7000008 12
45.79828 8.732178 32.09663 21
-21.01047 -32.19800 3.900890 14
-59.33064 -147.1089 52.48458 11
-12.19430 43.37793 0.2053351 16
-17.05856 -127.7966 34.70816 16
-64.69503 170.0834 0.4872608 12
28.93678 148.4380 1.008860 19
-73.69241 205.9894 1.185471 12
nzt= 105 nray= 1595
*****
Reference table
```



## Console with the execution of the program:

Stage 4: Matrix calculation for 1D parameters

Stage 5: Inversion and calculation of the updated 1D velocity model

Then these steps are performed iteratively:

- reference table
- source location
- matrix calculation
- inversion

```
70 New: x= -23.89 y= -166.80 z= 15.61 disp= 0.4221
nkrat= 11 nk= 11 ntot= 1052
reduction= 2.277389

81 Old: x= -35.76 y= 209.36 z= 44.40 disp= 0.4358
80 New: x= -35.76 y= 209.36 z= 44.40 disp= 0.4216
nkrat= 16 nk= 16 ntot= 1192
reduction= 3.246195

91 Old: x= 36.30 y= 179.51 z= 18.50 disp= 0.4343
90 New: x= 36.30 y= 180.01 z= 19.50 disp= 0.4194
nkrat= 16 nk= 16 ntot= 1351
reduction= 3.433881

101 Old: x= -48.99 y= 214.38 z= 0.49 disp= 0.4314
100 New: x= -48.99 y= 214.38 z= 0.49 disp= 0.4176
nkrat= 18 nk= 16 ntot= 1497
reduction= 3.205868

nztgood= 104
```

```
*****
Matrix calculation:
MATRIX: area=GEO_DAT1 model=MODEL_01
nref= 10
nst= 12
npar_max= 20
nzt= 104 nray= 1557 nonz_tot= 12842
*****
```

Stage 4

```
Inversion:
1D INVERSION: area=GEO_DAT1 model=MODEL_01 iter= 1
A subdirectory or file ..\..\..\TMP_files\1D_mod already exists.
nref= 10
nray= 1557 nonz= 12842
nrows= 1595 ncols= 456 nonzer= 19146
ir= 1557 nonz= 19070
N rows= 1595 N columns= 456 N nonzer= 19146

iter= 20
iter= 40
iter= 60
iter= 80
iter= 100
iter= 120
iter= 140
iter= 160
iter= 180
iter= 200
iter= 220
iter= 240
iter= 260
iter= 280
iter= 300
avres0= 0.4140815 avres= 0.3176602 red= 23.28558
```

Stage 5

variance reduction after matrix inversion

```
Reference table:
Computing the reference table:
ar=GEO_DAT1 md=MODEL_01 it=1
nrefmod= 22

i= 10 z= 9.000000 ips= 1 nref= 175
i= 10 z= 9.000000 ips= 2 nref= 161
i= 20 z= 19.000000 ips= 1 nref= 159
i= 20 z= 19.000000 ips= 2 nref= 148
i= 30 z= 37.000000 ips= 1 nref= 117
i= 30 z= 37.000000 ips= 2 nref= 257
i= 40 z= 66.000000 ips= 1 nref= 256
i= 40 z= 66.000000 ips= 2 nref= 295
i= 50 z= 116.0000 ips= 1 nref= 296
i= 50 z= 116.0000 ips= 2 nref= 296
```

## Console with the execution of the program:

After the end of the 1D model optimization, we locate again the sources in the updated 1D model (Stage 2).

After that we start locating the sources in the same 1D model, but using 3D ray tracer (bending) (Stage 6)

### Stage 2

```
140 New: x= 68.78 y= -170.87 z= 33.16 ank= 0.83
nkrat= 12 nk= 12 ntot= 2247

172 Old: x= -61.70 y= 170.58 z= 24.99 ank= 0.72
150 New: x= -65.70 y= 170.58 z= 12.99 ank= 0.87
nkrat= 14 nk= 14 ntot= 2416

182 Old: x= -59.30 y= 114.42 z= 35.58 ank= 0.78
160 New: x= -63.30 y= 116.92 z= 37.08 ank= 0.88
nkrat= 17 nk= 17 ntot= 2590

192 Old: x= 50.17 y= 191.68 z= 17.53 ank= 0.83
170 New: x= 54.17 y= 193.68 z= 19.53 ank= 0.86
nkrat= 17 nk= 17 ntot= 2754

204 Old: x= 19.14 y= 191.74 z= 6.60 ank= 0.70
180 New: x= 32.14 y= 195.24 z= 13.10 ank= 0.80
nkrat= 17 nk= 17 ntot= 2913

214 Old: x= -70.69 y= 207.99 z= 30.19 ank= 0.66
190 New: x= -68.19 y= 193.99 z= 1.69 ank= 0.85
nkrat= 14 nk= 14 ntot= 3074

nztgood= 198
```

### Stage 6

```
LOCATE THE SOURCES USING THE 3D RAY TRACING
SOURCE LOCATION: ar=GEO_DAT1 md=MODEL_01 it=1
A subdirectory or file ..\..\..\TMP_files\tmp already exists.
ar=GEO_DAT1 md=MODEL_01
cannot find SOURCE_LIMITS in MAJOR_PARAM.DAT!!!
nan= 0
4
nref= 21
43.28879 -35.68726 37.18000 13
40.00503 -35.50537 41.76426
old resid= 0.3320720 new_resid= 0.3415053 red= -2.840730
5 80 ds= 5.641951 G= 0.8876871
*****
79.43475 -92.03735 30.32000 17
79.43475 -92.03735 30.32000
old resid= 0.3429552 new_resid= 0.3653796 red= -6.538599
10 155 ds= 0.0000000E+00 G= 0.8646825
*****
80.36813 -23.28296 27.96000 15
79.79790 -23.55014 29.65647
old resid= 0.3239889 new_resid= 0.3459467 red= -6.777339
15 232 ds= 1.809570 G= 0.9253514
*****
61.62875 -14.44092 41.37000 15
61.19062 -14.58665 41.09705
old resid= 0.3382459 new_resid= 0.3546947 red= -4.862988
20 315 ds= 0.5363720 G= 0.8717538
*****
108.3622 -28.60693 48.13000 16
108.3003 -28.46988 48.77671
old resid= 0.3320437 new_resid= 0.3481846 red= -4.861081
25 402 ds= 0.6639651 G= 0.9336005
*****
125.0286 -111.2263 25.31000 16
125.1184 -110.9773 29.05972
old resid= 0.3322848 new_resid= 0.3481034 red= -4.760549
30 488 ds= 3.759051 G= 0.9140469
*****
124.1842 -88.22290 45.01000 14
122.0170 -87.42795 51.80120
old resid= 0.3240049 new_resid= 0.3380202 red= -4.325637
35 562 ds= 7.172826 G= 0.8717250
*****
```

mean residual  
reduction in  
respect to the  
previous step

## Console with the execution of the program:

After the end of stage 6 we can see the results of location in horizontal and vertical sections

Then we start computing the grid. First of all – compute the ray density. Then distribute the nodes.

We compute several differently oriented grids and perform independent inversion for each of them

### Stage 6

visualization of located events in horizontal and vertical sections

```
185      2778 ds= 0.0000000E+00 G= 0.8863509
*****
-68.19241      193.9894      1.685471      14
-69.40681      194.1638      3.460068
old resid= 0.3444673 new_resid= 0.3520968 red= -2.214874
190      3074 ds= 2.157405 G= 0.8711076
*****
99.32751      117.8909      16.81868      16
99.83373      117.3375      16.81459
old resid= 0.3459451 new_resid= 0.3536359 red=
195      3161 ds= 0.7499866 G= 0.9203693
*****
nzt= 198 nray= 3211
1 file(s) copied.
Vertical: 1 dist= 489.6824 npix_x= 1224 npi
Vertical: 2 dist= 216.9237 npix_x= 542 npi
Horizontal: npix_x= 400 npix_y= 600
nst= 12
```

```
COMPUTE THE RAY DENSITY
Computing ray density
ar=GEO_DAT1 nd=MODEL_01 it=1 gr=1
orient= 0.0000000E+00
nx= 120 ny= 120 nz= 31
nzt= 100 nray= 974 623
total number of rays: 1968 1243
```

```
DEFINE THE PARAMETERIZATION GRID
execution grid
ar=GEO_DAT1 nd=MODEL_01 it=1 gr=1
nx= 120 ny= 120 nz= 31
nmax_p= 100000
aver ray lenght in one block= 19.65101
iy= 30 node= 45 yy= -152.5000
iy= 35 node= 98 yy= -127.5000
iy= 40 node= 141 yy= -102.5000
iy= 45 node= 155 yy= -77.50000
iy= 50 node= 168 yy= -52.50000
iy= 55 node= 170 yy= -27.50000
iy= 60 node= 168 yy= -2.500000
iy= 65 node= 141 yy= 22.50000
iy= 70 node= 149 yy= 47.50000
iy= 75 node= 143 yy= 72.50000
iy= 80 node= 144 yy= 97.50000
iy= 85 node= 125 yy= 122.5000
iy= 90 node= 110 yy= 147.5000
iy= 95 node= 90 yy= 172.5000
iy= 100 node= 41 yy= 197.5000
number of valuable velocity parameters: 4802
aver ray lenght in one block= 14.69250
iy= 30 node= 39 yy= -152.5000
iy= 35 node= 72 yy= -127.5000
iy= 40 node= 122 yy= -102.5000
iy= 45 node= 143 yy= -77.50000
iy= 50 node= 158 yy= -52.50000
iy= 55 node= 162 yy= -27.50000
iy= 60 node= 159 yy= -2.500000
iy= 65 node= 137 yy= 22.50000
iy= 70 node= 132 yy= 47.50000
iy= 75 node= 128 yy= 72.50000
iy= 80 node= 123 yy= 97.50000
iy= 85 node= 108 yy= 122.5000
iy= 90 node= 98 yy= 147.5000
iy= 95 node= 73 yy= 172.5000
iy= 100 node= 25 yy= 197.5000
number of valuable velocity parameters: 4083
execution of Tetrad
ar=GEO_DAT1 nd=MODEL_01 it=1 gr=1
nur= 5 ntet= 73 ntop= 17
```

### Stage 7

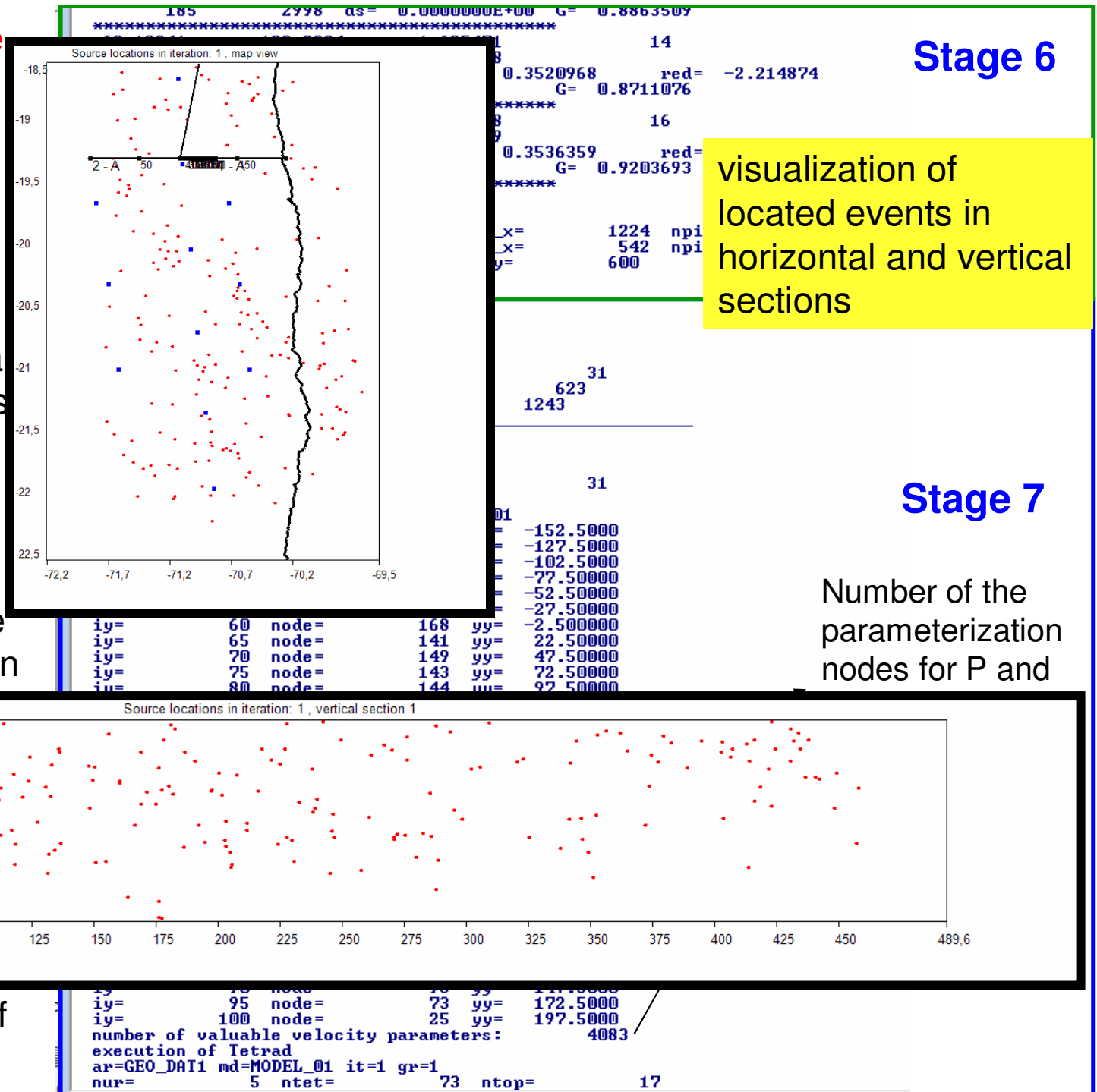
Number of the parameterization nodes for P and S models

## Console with the execution of the program:

After the end of stage 6 we can see the results of location in horizontal and vertical sections

Then we start computing the grid. First of all – compute the ray density. Then

inversion for each of them



## Console with the execution of the program:

After computing the grid, we can see the distribution of nodes and ray paths in hor. and ver. sections.

Then we compute the matrix of 1<sup>st</sup> derivatives

Then we perform the inversion for P and S anomalies, source parameters (4 for each) and station corrections.

Then the same steps are performed for other grids

```
ilev=      30  notr(ilev)=      471  total=      6947
ilev=      35  notr(ilev)=      442  total=      9143
ilev=      40  notr(ilev)=      427  total=     11530
ilev=      45  notr(ilev)=      442  total=     13592
ilev=      50  notr(ilev)=      363  total=     15466
ilev=      55  notr(ilev)=      195  total=     16857
ilev=      60  notr(ilev)=      264  total=     18251
ilev=      65  notr(ilev)=      208  total=     19366
ilev=      70  notr(ilev)=      136  total=     20102
ilev=      75  notr(ilev)=       69  total=     20401
ilev=      80  notr(ilev)=       1  total=     20402
```

visualization of nodes and ray paths in horizontal and vertical sections

```
VISUALIZE THE RAY PATHS AND GRID IN HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL
A subdirectory or file ..\..\..\TMP_files\rays already exists
ar=GEO_DAT1 md=MODEL_01 iter=      1
-71.000000 -20.500000
      1  dist= 489.6824      nrtot=      3211  nptot=
      2  dist= 216.9237      nrtot=      3211  nptot=
ilev= 1  z1= -10.0  z2= 15.0  nrtot= 6422  nptot= 57350
ilev= 2  z1= 15.0  z2= 25.0  nrtot= 9633  nptot= 79613
ilev= 3  z1= 25.0  z2= 35.0  nrtot= 12844  nptot= 109892
ilev= 4  z1= 35.0  z2= 45.0  nrtot= 16055  nptot= 147851
      1 file(s) copied.
Horizontal: npix_x=      400  npix_y=      600
section:2 dist= 489.6824      npix_x_ver=      1224
section:1 dist= 216.9237      npix_x_ver=      542
```

```
COMPUTE THE 1ST DERIVATIVE MATRIX (UP-US SCHEME)
execution of matr
ar=GEO_DAT1 md=MODEL_01 it=1 gr=1
orient= 0.00000000E+00
-71.000000 -20.500000
nref=      21
nymax=      83  ntmax=      4802
nmax=      174  otr nmax=      441
number of velocity parameters=      4802
number of velocity parameters=      4083
1000   63   1   103  0.282
2000  125   2   35  -0.279
3000  186   2   57  0.787
nray=      3211  nzt=      198
nabr=      4802  4083  nonzer=      277275
nrp=      1968  nonz_p=      173529
nrs=      1243  nonz_s=      103746
```

mean values of P and S anomalies in this step

```
PERFORM THE INVERSION (UP-US SCHEME)
execution of invers
ar=GEO_DAT1 md=MODEL_01 it=1
nref=      21
nan=      0
nst=      12
Number of rays =      3211      3211  nzt=      198
nst_p=      12  nst_s=      12
Preliminary values: N rows=      49265  N nonzer=      385438
N rows=      49265  N columns=      9701  N nonzer=      385438
iter=      20
iter=      40
nray=      3211
avres0= 0.3532093  avres= 0.1882814  red= 46.69410
nrps=      1968      1243
total avdv_p= 1.755268  avdv_s= 2.044952
avstat_p= 7.1102187E-07  avstat_s= 3.2904003E-07
source corrections:
av1= 2.191855  av2= 2.179909  av3= 0.2199376
```

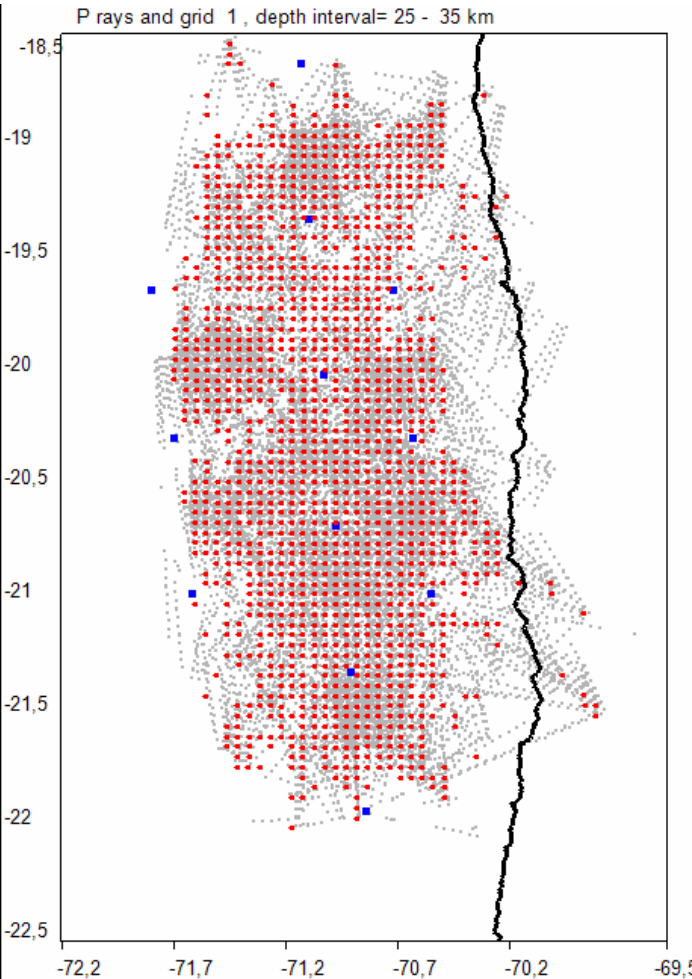
variance reduction in inversion

## Console with execution of program:

After computing grid, we can see distribution of nodes and ray paths in horizontal and vertical sections

Then we compute the matrix of 1st derivatives

Then we perform inversion for P anomalies, source parameters (4



```
471 total= 6947
442 total= 9143
427 total= 11530
442 total= 13592
363 total= 15466
195 total= 16857
264 total= 18251
208 total= 19366
136 total= 20102
69 total= 21000
1 total= 21000
```

HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL  
Files\rays already exist  
1

```
nrntot= 3211 nptot= 57350
nrntot= 3211 nptot= 57350
= 6422 nptot= 57350
= 9633 nptot= 79613
= 12844 nptot= 109892
= 16055 nptot= 147851
```

```
pix_y= 600
ix_x_ver= 1224
ix_x_ver= 542
```

(UP-US SCHEME)

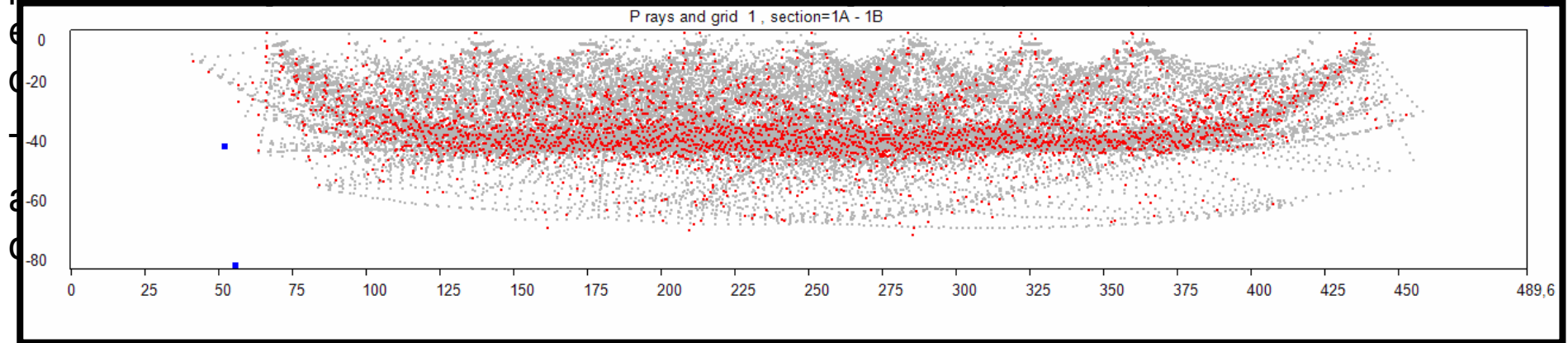
```
4802
441
4802
4083
```

```
3
er= 277275
529
946
```

E>

visualization of nodes and ray paths in horizontal and vertical sections

mean values of P and S anomalies in this step





## Console with the execution of the program:

After performing inversion for all grids, we compute an average 3D model in a regular grid

Then we visualize the results of current iteration in horizontal and vertical sections

After this, a new iteration starts with source location in the updated 3D velocity model

```
N rows=      48902  N columns=      9697  N nonzer=      391199
iter=        20
iter=        40
nray=      3211
```

```
avres0=  0.3532093      avres=  0.1938514      red=  45.11713
```

```
nrps=      1968      1243
total avdv_p=  1.651192      avdv_s=  1.855466
avstat_p=  7.5466306E-07      avstat_s=  3.5454650E-07
source corrections:
avi=  2.0780001      av2=  2.111728      av3=  0.2062587
```

```
COMPUTE THE VELOCITY FIELDS IN 3D REGULAR GRID <UP-US SCHEME>
```

```
AREA : GEO_DAT1 model:MODEL_01 iter=      1
nref=      21
nxx=      81  nyy=      121  nzz=      32
izz=      5  zzz=      15.000000
izz=     10  zzz=      40.000000
izz=     15  zzz=      65.000000
izz=     20  zzz=      90.000000
izz=     25  zzz=     115.000000
izz=     30  zzz=     140.000000
nx=      81  ny=      121  nz=      32
izz=      5  zzz=      15.000000
izz=     10  zzz=      40.000000
izz=     15  zzz=      65.000000
izz=     20  zzz=      90.000000
izz=     25  zzz=     115.000000
izz=     30  zzz=     140.000000
nx=      81  ny=      121  nz=      32
```

```
VISUALIZE THE RESULT IN HORIZONTAL SECTIONS <UP-US SCHEME>
```

```
subdirectory or file .....\TMP_files\hor already exists.
```

```
1 file(s) copied.
1 file(s) copied.
1 file(s) copied.
ar=GEO_DAT1 md=MODEL_01
npix_x=      400  npix_y=      600
nmap=      91  nmap=      134
nref=      21
ilev=      1  nzzt=      57
ilev=      2  nzzt=      37
ilev=      3  nzzt=      33
ilev=      4  nzzt=      23
ilev=      1  zzz=     10.000000
ilev=      2  zzz=     20.000000
ilev=      3  zzz=     30.000000
ilev=      4  zzz=     40.000000
```

```
VISUALIZE THE RESULT IN VERTICAL SECTIONS <UP-US SCHEME>
```

```
ar=GEO_DAT1 md=MODEL_01 iter=      1
subdirectory or file .....\TMP_files\vert already exists.
subdirectory or file .....\PICS\GEO_DAT1\MODEL_01\IT1 already exist
```

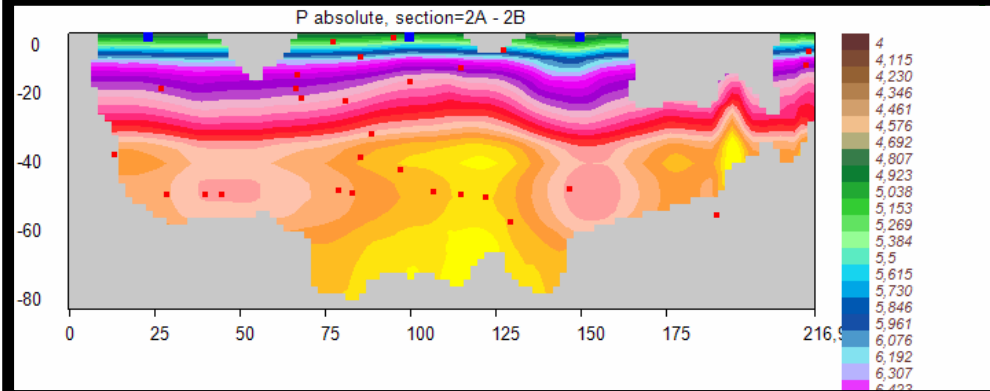
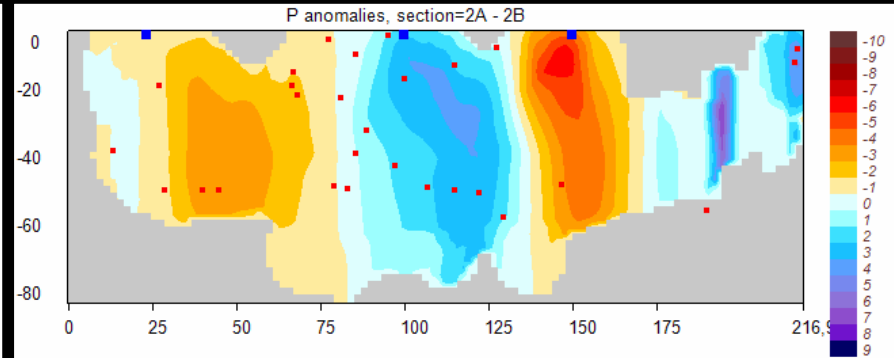
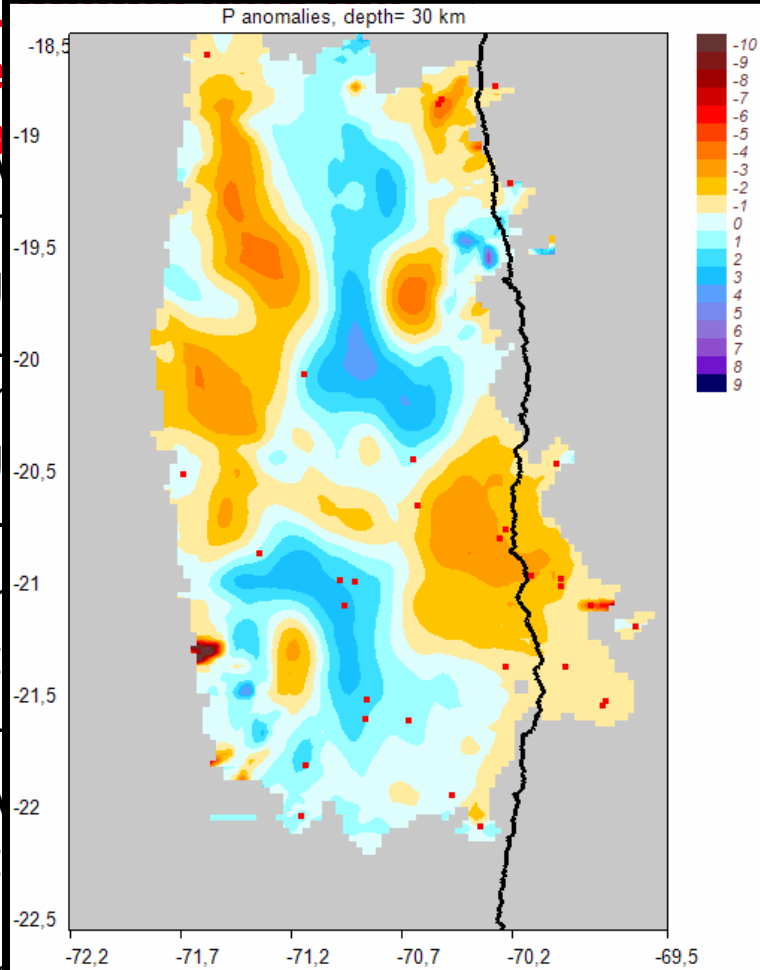
```
1 file(s) copied.
1 file(s) copied.
1 file(s) copied.
1 file(s) copied.
1 file(s) copied.
nref=      21
nst1=      8  nzt1=      90
section: 1 dist=  489.6824      npix_x=      1224
section: 1 dist=  489.6824      npix_x=      1224
nst1=      3  nzt1=      35
section: 2 dist=  216.9237      npix_x=      542
section: 2 dist=  216.9237      npix_x=      542
npix_x=      400  npix_y=      600
```

visualization of results  
after 1<sup>st</sup> iteration in  
horizontal and vertical  
sections



Copy  
A  
in  
g  
a  
m  
g  
T  
th  
it  
a  
A  
it  
S  
th

```
N rows=      48902  N columns=      9697  N nonzer=      391199
iter=         20
iter=         40
nray=        3211
```



```
37
33
23
10.00000
20.00000
30.00000
40.00000
```

```
VERTICAL SECTIONS (UP-US SCHEME)
er=      1
...TMP_files\vert already exists
...PICS\GEO_DATA\MODEL_01\IT1
subdirectory or file ...PICS\GEO_DATA\MODEL_01\IT1
1 file(s) copied.
1 file(s) copied.
1 file(s) copied.
1 file(s) copied.
1 file(s) copied.
1 file(s) copied.
nref=      21
nst1=      8  nzt1=      90
section: 1 dist= 489.6824  npix_x=      1224
section: 1 dist= 489.6824  npix_x=      1224
nst1=      3  nzt1=      35
section: 2 dist= 216.9237  npix_x=      542
section: 2 dist= 216.9237  npix_x=      542
npix_x=      400  npix_u=      600
```

visualization of results  
after 1<sup>st</sup> iteration in  
horizontal and vertical  
sections

velocity model

## Console with the execution of the program:

The 2<sup>nd</sup> iteration starts with source location in the updated 3D velocity model.

At this stage we can see the reduction of mean residuals in respect to the previous iteration

Each following iteration contains:

source location

matrix calculation  
(for all grids)

inversion (for all  
grids)

```
1 File(s) copied.
nref=      21
nst1=      8  nzt1=      90
section: 1 dist= 489.6824  npix_x=      1224
section: 1 dist= 489.6824  npix_x=      1224
nst1=      3  nzt1=      35
section: 2 dist= 216.9237  npix_x=      542
section: 2 dist= 216.9237  npix_x=      542
npix_x=      400 npix_y=      600

LOCATE THE SOURCES USING THE 3D RAY TRACING
SOURCE LOCATION: ar=GEO_DAT1 md=MODEL_01 it=2
A subdirectory or file ..\..\..\TMP_files\tmp already exists.
ar=GEO_DAT1 md=MODEL_01
cannot find SOURCE_LIMITS in MAJOR_PARAM.DAT!!!
nan=      0

nref=      4
39.10743      -36.07619      37.30740      13
37.25625      -35.44128      38.64124
old resid= 0.3415053  new_resid= 0.1954426  red= 42.77027
5      80  ds= 4.160913  G= 0.9350955
*****
76.25350      -88.00793      33.62224      17
79.11083      -89.37656      32.86453
old resid= 0.3653796  new_resid= 0.2057535  red= 43.68776
10      155  ds= 3.695864  G= 0.9210382
*****
75.01462      -23.90961      28.01371      15
76.92723      -23.87879      28.02021
old resid= 0.3459467  new_resid= 0.2084540  red= 39.74390
15      232  ds= 3.320558  G= 0.9504939
*****
53.93977      -16.37654      34.39185      15
58.13674      -16.16120      38.30306
old resid= 0.3546947  new_resid= 0.2117647  red= 40.29662
20      315  ds= 4.428514  G= 0.9112794
*****
108.1642      -28.44676      49.17101      16
108.2196      -28.42055      47.35311
old resid= 0.3481846  new_resid= 0.2051532  red= 41.07918
25      402  ds= 1.426739  G= 0.9656105
*****
124.8969      -109.6200      29.20693      16
125.0376      -110.1589      24.90326
old resid= 0.3481034  new_resid= 0.2065236  red= 40.67177
30      488  ds= 4.237038  G= 0.9416260
*****
119.1898      -88.71314      51.63254      14
120.1824      -88.91206      48.87899
old resid= 0.3380202  new_resid= 0.2019821  red= 40.24556
35      562  ds= 3.755995  G= 0.9288237
*****
125.9861      -58.03777      70.95513      12
126.0662      -58.11623      67.48717
old resid= 0.3363852  new_resid= 0.2009221  red= 40.27021
40      634  ds= 4.006930  G= 0.9333081
*****
-25.97955      45.83505      0.0000000E+00      16
-25.97955      45.83505      0.0000000E+00
old resid= 0.3429964  new_resid= 0.2057636  red= 40.00999
45      713  ds= 2.170335  G= 0.8338820
*****
33.63050      42.13837      48.27345      17
34.46562      42.30737      48.20716
old resid= 0.3429932  new_resid= 0.2027317  red= 40.89336
50      791  ds= 2.328897  G= 0.9635686
*****
43.55965      11.18992      35.42822      12
```

old and new  
mean  
residuals  
and  
reduction

## Console with the execution of the program:

After finishing all iterations, a report about values of P and S residuals and variance reduction is produced

```
izz=      25 zzz=    115.00000
izz=      30 zzz=    140.00000
nx=      81 ny=      121 nz=      32
izz=       5 zzz=    15.000000
izz=      10 zzz=    40.000000
izz=      15 zzz=    65.000000
izz=      20 zzz=    90.000000
izz=      25 zzz=   115.00000
izz=      30 zzz=   140.00000
nx=      81 ny=      121 nz=      32

VISUALIZE THE RESULT IN HORIZONTAL SECTIONS <UP-US SCHEME>
A subdirectory or file ..\..\..\TMP_files\hor already exists.
  1 file(s) copied.
  1 file(s) copied.
  1 file(s) copied.
ar=GEO_DAT1 md=MODEL_01
npix_x=    400 npix_y=    600
nfmap=     91 ntmap=    134
nref=     21
ilev=      1 nzzt=     46
ilev=      2 nzzt=     47
ilev=      3 nzzt=     31
ilev=      4 nzzt=     38
ilev=      1 zzz=    10.000000
ilev=      2 zzz=    20.000000
ilev=      3 zzz=    30.000000
ilev=      4 zzz=    40.000000

VISUALIZE THE RESULT IN VERTICAL SECTIONS <UP-US SCHEME>
ar=GEO_DAT1 md=MODEL_01 iter=      5
A subdirectory or file ..\..\..\TMP_files\vert already exists.
A subdirectory or file ..\..\..\PICS\GEO_DAT1\MODEL_01\IT5 already exists.
  1 file(s) copied.
  1 file(s) copied.
  1 file(s) copied.
  1 file(s) copied.
  1 file(s) copied.
nref=     21
nst1=      8 nzt1=     91
section: 1 dist=  489.6824 npix_x=    1224
section: 1 dist=  489.6824 npix_x=    1224
nst1=      3 nzt1=     35
section: 2 dist=  216.9237 npix_x=     542
section: 2 dist=  216.9237 npix_x=     542
npix_x=    400 npix_y=    600

CREATING THE REPORT ABOUT THE VARIANCE REDUCTION
ar=GEO_DAT1 md=MODEL_01 niter=      5
nbad=      0
iter=      1 dtot_p=  0.2900705 red=  0.00000000E+00
iter=      1 dtot_s=  0.4531744 red=  0.00000000E+00
iter=      2 dtot_p=  0.1900430 red=  34.48386
iter=      2 dtot_s=  0.2610697 red=  42.39091
iter=      3 dtot_p=  0.1652456 red=  43.03262
iter=      3 dtot_s=  0.2175262 red=  51.99946
iter=      4 dtot_p=  0.1523561 red=  47.47619
iter=      4 dtot_s=  0.1964761 red=  56.64448
iter=      5 dtot_p=  0.1451021 red=  49.97697
iter=      5 dtot_s=  0.1840820 red=  59.37944
nsrccs=    198 nray_p=    1968 nray_s=    1243
D:\SCIENCE\LOTOS\LOTOS_11\LOTOS_11_WORK\PROGRAMS\@_START\START>pause
Press any key to continue
```